# WHAT IS PUBLIC HEALTH?

#### **PUBLIC HEALTH**

Public health works on a population level to protect and improve the health and safety of an entire community or group of people. Public health promotes healthy lifestyles, prevents illnesses and injuries, and detects and controls diseases. By working with diverse communities, public health

communities, public health expands the reach and impact of health care efforts.



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#### THROUGH PUBLIC HEALTH WE CAN:



Promote and encourage healthy behaviors



Improve management of health conditions to avert complications



Prevent injuries



Prevent epidemics and spread of disease



Protect against environmental hazards

### **PUBLIC HEALTH AT WORK:**



Vaccinations to prevent disease



Quit smoking campaigns



Emergency preparedness



### What makes a **HEALTH PROBLEM** a **PUBLIC HEALTH** issue?



There are ways to

**INTERVENE** 



The impact is MAJOR



# WHY ALZHEIMER'S IS A PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUE

Alzheimer's is the most under-recognized potential threat to public health in the 21st century.

Dr. David Satcher, former U.S. Surgeon General and former CDC Director

While Alzheimer's has traditionally been seen as an aging issue, **ALZHEIMER'S** is a **PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUE** because:

The
BURDEN
is LARGE
and growing larger

# 5 million **fill**

More than five million people are living with Alzheimer's, two-thirds of whom are women; the number of people with the disease is projected to triple to as many as 16 million in 2050

# \$259 Abillion

Annual costs exceed quarter of a trillion dollars (\$259 billion in 2017) and costs are expected to rise to \$1.1 trillion in 2050



Among people with dementia, one in every four hospitalizations is preventable More than **15 MILLION** caregivers have over



in additional health care costs each year due to caregiver burden



### Impacts

governments –
Medicare and
Medicaid bear
two-thirds of
the health and
long term care
costs of those
with Alzheimer's

The
IMPACT
is MAJOR

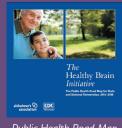
There are **WAYS** to

INTERVENE

**Promoting prevention –** regular physical activity, attention to heart health can reduce the risk of cognitive decline and may reduce risk of Alzheimer's

**Promoting early detection and diagnosis –** as many as half of people with Alzheimer's are not diagnosed, and less than half of the diagnosed are not aware of the diagnosis

**Data collection –** Collecting data on subjective cognitive decline and Alzheimer's caregivers can help identify the burden and impact in each state



Public Health Road Map